

Township of Gaines Audited Financial Statements March 31, 2021

Prepared by Taylor & Morgan, P.C.

2302 Stonebridge Drive, Bldg. D | Flint, MI 48532 | 810.230.8200 3150 Livernois Road, Suite 175 | Troy, MI 48083 | 248.688.9399 1213 W. Morehead Street, 5th Floor | Charlotte, NC 28208 | 704.926.7570 www.tmcpa.com TOWNSHIP OF GAINES

GENESEE COUNTY

STATE OF MICHIGAN

TOWNSHIP BOARD MEMBERS

Paul Fortino Supervisor

Karen Hawkins Clerk

Diane Hyrman Treasurer

Leslie Casto Trustee

Rodney Fowler Trustee

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Independent Auditor's Report

August 27, 2021

Township Board Township of Gaines Genesee County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Gaines (the "Township") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control, relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessment, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Gaines as of March 31, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, the Township adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No, 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which established accounting and financial reporting standards for the identification and reporting of fiduciary activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Sincerely,

Taylor & Morgan, P.C.

Taylor & Morgan, P.C. Certified Public Accountants MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Township of Gaines (the "Township"), we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

As discussed in further detail in this discussion and analysis, the following represents the most significant financial highlights for the year ended March 31, 2021.

- Property taxes made up approximately 15 percent of the Township's General Fund revenue. Since 2015, revenue from property taxes has increased 13.3 percent due to increasing property values.
- State-shared revenue (the Township's allocation of state sales tax collections) makes up approximately 55 percent of the Township's General Fund revenue. This revenue has been a stable funding source for the Township for many years and this trend is expected to continue in 2021.
- The Township is increasing its General Fund fund balance by \$169,849.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Township of Gaines as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing governmental services.

The fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayer's resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Township's most significant funds. The fiduciary fund statements provide financial information about the activities for which the Township acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Township, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$5,412,008 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Township's Net Position

The following table shows, in condensed format, the net position of the Governmental Activities as of the current date and compared to the prior year:

	Governmental Activities								
	March 31, <u>2021</u>	March 31, <u>2020</u>	<u>Change</u>	Percent <u>Change</u>					
Assets									
Current and other assets: Cash and investments:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,661,356	\$ 1,803,996	\$ (142,640)	(7.9)%					
Investments Receivables	75,669	56,897	18,772	33.0 27.6					
Capital assets (net)	513,629 <u>554,097</u>	373,367 641,912	140,262 (87,815)	37.6 (13.7)					
			<u>(07,010)</u>	(10.7)					
Total assets	2,804,751	2,876,172	(71,391)	(2.5)					
Liabilities									
Current liabilities	6,083	47,646	(41,563)	(87.2)					
Total liabilities	6,083	47,646	(41,563)	(87.2)					
Deferred Inflows of Resources	52,722	55,058	(2,336)	(4.2)					
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets	554,097	641,912	(87,815)	(13.7)					
Restricted	625,031	680,584	(55,553)	(8.2)					
Unrestricted	1,566,818	1,450,972	115,846	8.0					
Total net position	<u>\$ 2,745,946</u>	<u>\$ 2,773,468</u>	<u>\$ (27,522)</u>	(1.0)%					

	Business-type Activities – Water and Waste Funds								
	March 31, <u>2021</u>	March 31, <u>2020</u>	<u>Change</u>	Percent <u>Change</u>					
Assets									
Current and other assets: Cash and investments:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 577,084	\$ 555,011	\$ 22,073	4.0%					
Investments Receivables	932,972	888,475	44,497 7,196	5.0 16.4					
Capital assets (net)	50,989 1,191,892	43,793 1,214,787	(22,895)	(1.9)					
Capital assets (net)	1,191,092	1,214,707	(22,090)	(1.5)					
Total assets	2,752,937	2,702,066	50,871	1.9					
Liabilities									
Current liabilities	108,770	108,939	(169)	(0.2)					
Total liabilities	108,770	108,939	(169)	(0.2)					
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets	1,191,892	1,214,787	(22,895)	(1.9)					
Unrestricted	1,451,275	1,378,340	72,935	5.3					
Total net position	<u>\$ 2,643,167</u>	<u>\$ 2,593,127</u>	<u>\$ </u>	1.9%					

Total governmental net position decreased 1 percent from a year ago – decreasing from \$2,773,468 to \$2,745,946.

Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations, increased \$115,846 for the governmental activities. This represents an increase of approximately 8 percent. The current level of unrestricted net position for our governmental activities stands at \$1,566,818, or about 112 percent of expenditures.

The Township's business-type activities consist of the Water and Waste Funds. Both water and sewage services are purchased from Genesee County, Michigan.

The net position of business-type activities increased 1.9 percent from a year ago - increasing from \$2,593,127 to \$2,643,167.

Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations, increased \$72,935 for the Water and Waste Funds. This represents an increase of 5.3 percent. The current level of unrestricted net position for the Water and Waste Funds is \$1,451,275.

Township's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities								
	March 31, <u>2021</u>	March 31, <u>2020</u>	<u>Change</u>	Percent <u>Change</u>					
Revenue									
Program revenue: Charges for services Operating grants Capital grants General revenue:	\$ 371,032 41,028 9,200	\$ 370,833 11,815 1,280	\$ 199 29,213 7,920	0.1% 247.3 618.8					
Taxes Intergovernmental Investment earnings Other revenue	308,101 573,965 1,127 <u>69,375</u>	298,675 584,577 5,477 <u>69,379</u>	9,426 (10,612) (4,350) (4)	3.2 (1.8) (79.4) -					
Total revenue	1,373,828	1,342,036	31,792	2.4					
Expenses General government Public safety Public works Other	299,141 403,849 696,337 <u>2,023</u>	313,483 402,228 707,034 <u>5,844</u>	(14,342) 1,621 (10,697) <u>(3,821)</u>	(4.6) 0.4 (1.5) (65.3)					
Total expenses	1,401,350	1,428,589	(27,239)	(1.9)					
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ (27,522)</u>	<u>\$ (86,553)</u>	<u>\$ </u>	68.2%					
	-	pe Activities – N March 31, <u>2020</u>	<u>Water and Was</u> <u>Change</u>	<u>te Funds</u> Percent <u>Change</u>					
Revenue Program revenue: Charges for services General revenue:	\$ 566,336 \$	547,661	\$ 18,675	3.4%					
Investment earnings	10,861	33,469	(22,608)	(67.5)					
Total revenue	577,197	581,130	(3,933)	(0.7)					
Expenses	527,157	519,586	7,571	1.5					
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ 50,040 </u>	<u>\$ 61,544 \$</u>	<u>(11,504)</u>	(18.7)%					

The Township's total governmental revenue had a 2.4 percent increase of \$31,792. A major contributing factor to this increase is the grant revenue received in the current fiscal year of \$34,700.

Expenditures decreased \$27,239 during the year. This decrease is attributed to overall prudent spending in all departments.

The Township's business-type activities experienced a slight decrease in total revenue of 0.7%. This was due to a decline in interest rates being paid on the certificates of deposit held by the Water and Waste funds.

The Township of Gaines' Funds

Our analysis of the Township's major funds follows the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about individual funds, not the Township as a whole. The Township's major funds consist of the General Fund, Waste and Refuse Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Water and Waste Funds.

For the year ended March 31, 2021, governmental funds revenue exceeded its expenditures, increasing fund balance by \$114,296. This increase was a combination of a \$169,849 increase in the General Fund, a \$19,461 decrease in the Waste and Refuse Fund, and a \$36,092 decrease in the Capital Projects Fund. The increase in the General Fund was primarily due to prudent budgeting and spending.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General Fund actual revenue of \$1,042,293 exceeded budgeted revenue of \$1,011,906 by \$30,387. This variance is attributed to an overall conservative approach to the budgeted revenue line items.

General Fund actual expenditures of \$872,444 were less than budgeted expenditures of \$986,504 by \$114,060. This favorable budget variance was due to overall conservative spending habits in all of the departments.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the Township had \$554,097 in governmental activities and \$1,191,892 in business-type activities for a total \$1,745,989 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, police and fire equipment, and water and sewer lines (see Note 10). In addition, the Township has invested significantly in roads within the Township. These assets are not reported in the Township's financial statements because of Michigan Law, which makes these roads the property of the Genesee County Road Commission (along with the responsibility to maintain them).

During the 2011-2012 fiscal year, the Township entered into an agreement with Genesee County to replace seven large culverts located within the Township. The County issued bonds to complete the project and is passing 25% of the cost onto the Township in the form of an installment loan requiring annual payments through 2020. The total principal and interest balance on the loan as of March 31, 2020 was \$26,675 and was paid out of the Capital Projects Fund during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Township approved a budget surplus of \$85,074 for the year ending March 31, 2022 with revenues totaling \$963,400 and expenditures of \$878,326. The moving of the Road Maintenance projects for the 2020-2021 fiscal year from the General Fund to the Road Improvement Fund aided in the budget surplus. The Township also has continued to increase road maintenance for 2021-2022. With additional road funding coming from the State of Michigan, Genesee County Road Commission is distributing this additional funding through its 50/50 program. This in turn has increased our amount of funding required to match Genesee County.

Contacting the Township of Gaines Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the Township of Gaines' finances, and to show the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the administration offices at the Township Hall.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWNSHIP OF GAINES GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2021

		Primary Government							
		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total			
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,661,356	\$	576,084	\$	2,237,440			
Investments		75,669		932,972		1,008,641			
Due from other funds		336,895		-		336,895			
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible acc	S	176,734		50,989		227,723			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	554,097	-	1,191,892		1,745,989			
Total assets		2,804,751		2,751,937		5,556,688			
Liabilities									
Accounts payable		6,083		2,938		9,021			
Due to other funds		-	-	105,832		105,832			
Total liabilities		6,083		108,770		114,853			
Deferred inflow of resources									
Property taxes levied for the following year		52,722	-	-		52,722			
Total deferred inflow of resources		52,722		-		52,722			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		554,097		1,191,892		1,745,989			
Restricted for Waste and Refuse		360,713		-		360,713			
Restricted for Capital Projects		264,318		-		264,318			
Unrestricted		1,566,818	-	1,451,275		3,018,093			
Total net position	\$	2,745,946	\$	2,643,167	\$	5,389,113			

TOWNSHIP OF GAINES GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

	-	Program Revenues						Net (Expense) I	Revei	nue and Changes	in N	et Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	_	Capital Grants and Contributions		Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities			Totals
Functions/Programs: Primary government General government Public safety Public works Other Total governmental activities	\$ 299,141 403,849 696,337 2,023 1,401,350	\$ 47,723 323,309 	\$	9,200 - 9,200 9,200	\$	41,028 - - 41,028	\$	(251,418) (353,621) (373,028) (2,023) (980,090)	\$	- - - -	\$	(251,418) (353,621) (373,028) (2,023) (980,090)
Business-type activities Water and waste	527,157	566,336	_		_		_		_	39,179		39,179
Total primary government	\$1,928,507	\$937,368	\$	9,200	\$	41,028	_	(980,090)		39,179	_	(940,911)
	General revenues Property tax Special assessmen State-shared revenu Investment earnings Franchise fees Miscellaneous	les					_	237,450 70,651 573,965 1,127 39,720 29,655	_	- - - 10,861 - -	_	237,450 70,651 573,965 11,988 39,720 29,655
		Total general reven	ues				_	952,568	_	10,861	_	963,429
	Change in net posi	tion						(27,522)		50,040		22,518
	Net position - begin	ning of year					_	2,773,468		2,593,127	_	5,366,595
	Net position - end o	f year					\$_	2,745,946	\$_	2,643,167	\$	5,389,113

TOWNSHIP OF GAINES BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MARCH 31, 2021

	-	General	Special Revenue Waste and Refuse Fund	_	Capital Projects	_	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u> Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables	\$	1,171,778 75,669	\$ 255,242 -	\$	234,336 -	\$	1,661,356 75,669
Accounts receivable Delinquent taxes Special assessments Due from other funds		9,311 20,215 24,958 201,442	- 20,167 - 105,471		- 5,190 - 29,982		9,311 45,572 24,958 336,895
Due from other governments	-	96,893	-	_	- 29,902	-	96,893
Total assets	\$	1,600,266	\$ 380,880	\$ =	269,508	\$	2,250,654
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable	\$_	6,083	\$ -	\$_	-	\$	6,083
Total liabilities		6,083	-		-		6,083
Deferred Inflow of Resources Property taxes levied for following year		52,722	_		_		52,722
Unavailable revenue	-	45,173	20,167	_	5,190	-	70,530
Total deferred inflow of resources		97,895	20,167		5,190		123,252
Fund Equity							
Restricted for Waste and Refuse		-	360,713		- 264,318		360,713 264,318
Restricted for Capital Projects Assigned		- 413,942	-		204,310		413,942
Unassigned	-	1,082,346		_	-	-	1,082,346
Total fund equity	-	1,496,288	360,713	_	264,318	-	2,121,319
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$	1,600,266	\$ 380,880	\$ _	269,508	\$	2,250,654

TOWNSHIP OF GAINES RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES MARCH 31, 2021

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 2,121,319
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Cost of capital assets	\$ 2,090,617	554 007
Accumulated depreciation Deferred revenue for special assessment receivables are reported as liabilities in the governmental funds and as revenue or other financing sources in the	 (1,536,520)	554,097
statement of activities. Revenue for delinquent taxes collected after year end, such that they are not available to pay bills outstanding as of year end, are not		24,958
recognized in the funds. Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 45,572 2,745,946

TOWNSHIP OF GAINES STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

		General	Special Revenue Waste and Refuse Fund	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	•				
Taxes	\$	159,950	\$ - \$; -	\$ 159,950
Special assessments		60,324	323,309	102,743	486,376
Fees and permits		87,443	-	-	87,443
Intergovernmental		573,965	-	-	573,965
Administrative services		79,791	-	-	79,791
Grant income		40,228	-	-	40,228
Fire contract		10,000	-	-	10,000
Interest		1,075	27	25	1,127
Miscellaneous	-	29,517	138	-	29,655
Total revenues		1,042,293	323,474	102,768	1,468,535
Expenditures					
General government		319,276	-	-	319,276
Public works		214,542	342,935	138,860	696,337
Fire protection		173,175	-	-	173,175
Police protection		163,428	-	-	163,428
Other	-	2,023			2,023
Total expenditures	•	872,444	342,935	138,860	1,354,239
Excess/(deficiency) of revenues					
ove/(under) expenditures		169,849	(19,461)	(36,092)	114,296
Fund balance - beginning of year		1,326,439	380,174	300,410	2,007,023
Fund balance - end of year	\$	1,496,288	\$ 360,713 \$	264,318	\$ 2,121,319

TOWNSHIP OF GAINES RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 114,296
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 1,487 (89,302)	(87,815)
Governmental funds report payments received on special assessment districts as revenue when received. However, in the statement of activities, these revenues are recorded when they are earned.		(92,416)
		(32,410)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement activities (where it reduces long-term debt).		40,704
Revenues are recorded in the statement of activities when earned; they are not reported in the funds until collected or		
collectible within 60 days of year end.		 (2,291)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (27,522)

TOWNSHIP OF GAINES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS-WATER AND WASTE FUNDS MARCH 31, 2021

	-	Usage		Tap in		Total
Assets	-					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	374,378	\$	201,706	\$	576,084
Investments		439,625		493,347		932,972
Accounts receivable		50,989		-		50,989
Property and equipment - net	-	-	_	1,191,892	_	1,191,892
Total assets		864,992		1,886,945		2,751,937
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		2,938		-		2,938
Due to other funds	-	105,832	_	-	_	105,832
Total liabilities		108,770		-		108,770
Net Position						
Invested in capital assets		-		1,191,892		1,191,892
Unassigned	-	756,222	_	695,053		1,451,275
Total net position	\$	756,222	\$	1,886,945	\$	2,643,167

TOWNSHIP OF GAINES STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS-WATER AND WASTE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

	Usage	Tap in	Total
Operating revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 556,540	\$ 9,796 \$	566,336
Total operating revenues	556,540	9,796	566,336
Operating expenses			
Depreciation	-	22,895	22,895
Pump maintenance	36,612	-	36,612
County sewer charges	123,532	-	123,532
County water charges	336,436	-	336,436
Other fees	7,682	-	7,682
Total operating expenses	504,262	22,895	527,157
Operating income/(loss)	52,278	(13,099)	39,179
Non-operating revenues/(expenses)			
Interest income	5,531	5,330	10,861
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)	5,531	5,330	10,861
Change in net position	57,809	(7,769)	50,040
Net position - beginning of year	698,413	1,894,714	2,593,127
Net position - end of year	\$ 756,222	\$1,886,945_\$	2,643,167

TOWNSHIP OF GAINES STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS-WATER AND WASTE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

	_	Usage	Tap in	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$	549,344 \$ (504,428)	9,796 \$	559,140 (504,428)
Net cash provided/(used) by operating activities		44,916	9,796	54,712
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Sales/(Purchases) of Investments Interest received	_	(19,970) 5,531	(23,530) 5,330	(43,500) 10,861
Net cash provided/(used) by investing activities	_	(14,439)	(18,200)	(32,639)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		30,477	(8,404)	22,073
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	_	344,901	210,110	555,011
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	375,378 \$	201,706 \$	577,084
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities				
Operating income/(loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income/(loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	52,278 \$	(13,099) \$	39,179
Depreciation expense		-	22,895	22,895
Decrease/(Increase) in accounts receivable (Decrease)/Increase in accounts payable	_	(7,196) (166)	- -	(7,196) (166)
Net cash provided/(used) by operating activities	\$_	44,916 \$	9,796 \$	54,712

TOWNSHIP OF GAINES FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2021

	Tax Collection Fund
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ <u>1,881,420</u> 1,881,420
Liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governmental units	231,063
Total liabilities	1,881,420
Net Position	\$

TOWNSHIP OF GAINES FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

		Tax Collection Fund
Additions		
Property tax collections for other governments	\$	6,825,551
Total additions		6,825,551
Deductions		
Payments of property tax to other governments		6,825,551
Total deductions		6,825,551
Change in net position		-
Net position-beginning of year	,	-
Net position-end of year	\$	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting entity

The nucleus of the financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 is the "primary government." A fundamental characteristic of a primary government is that its members are selected by the people in a general election. In addition to having an elected board, a primary government must be both a legally separate and a fiscally independent entity. Thus, Gaines Township qualifies as the "primary government" for financial reporting purposes. In evaluating how to define the financial reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. A component unit is a legally separate entity for which the primary government is financially accountable. The basic criterion of financial accountability is: the primary government is accountable for and able to impose its will upon the potential component unit. The Township has no component units.

Fund Accounting

The Township accounts for its various activities in several different funds in order to demonstrate accountability for how we have spent certain resources; separate funds allow us to show the particular expenditures for which specific revenue was used. The various funds are aggregated into three broad fund types:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business-type activities. This includes the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds. The Township reports the following funds as "major" governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Waste and Refuse Special Revenue Fund accounts for special assessments that are restricted for sanitation services.
- The Capital Projects Fund accounts for special assessments and other revenue that is restricted for capital asset and infrastructure improvements.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds include enterprise funds (which provide goods or services to users in exchange for charges or fees) and internal service funds (which provide goods or services to other funds of the Township). The Township reports the following funds as "major" enterprise funds:

- The Water and Waste-Usage Fund accounts for the cost of collection and treating of waste waters.
- The Water and Waste-Tap In Fund accounts for tap in fees received, depreciation of water and sewer lines and payments of bonded debt.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-(continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include amounts held in a fiduciary capacity for others. These amounts will not be used to operate our government's programs. Activities that are reported as fiduciary include the following fund:

• The Tax Collection Fund, which collects taxes on behalf of all the taxing authorities (State, County, School District, Township, and the other various smaller authorities) and remits the taxes to each authority.

Basis of Accounting

The governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is intended to better demonstrate accountability for how the government has spent its resources.

Expenditures are reported when the goods are received or the services are rendered. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures (rather than as capital assets) because they reduce the ability to spend resources in the future. In addition, debt service expenditures, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenue is not recognized until it is collected, or collected soon enough after the end of the year that it is available to pay for obligations outstanding at the end of the year. For this purpose, the Township considers amounts collected within 60 days of year end to be available for recognition. The following major revenue sources meet the availability criterion: state-shared revenue and interest associated with the current fiscal period. Conversely, capital-type special assessments will be collected over a 5-year period; receivables have been recorded for these, along with a "deferred inflow of resources".

Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Proprietary Funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Waste Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Township also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap in fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the Water and Waste Funds include the cost of sales and services and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-(continued)

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Furthermore, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Report Presentation

Government accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectivesthe government-wide perspective and the fund-based perspective. The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to the modified accrual based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items properly excluded from program revenue are reported as general revenue.

For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Township's water and sewer function and various other functions of the Township. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the governmental-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major enterprise funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-(continued)

Property tax revenue

Property taxes are levied on each December 1 on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed. Unpaid property taxes become a lien on the property on March 1 of the second year following the year of the levy.

The Township's 2020 ad valorem tax is levied and collectible on December 1, 2020, and is recognized as revenue in the year ended March 31, 2021, when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing of operations.

The 2020 taxable valuation of the Gaines Township is \$201,220,714, on which the ad valorem tax levy consisted of .8177 mills for operating purposes. This resulted in \$159,950 of revenue, which was recognized in the General Fund.

The township bills and collects its own property taxes and also taxes for the school districts of Swartz Creek, Linden, and Durand, and for Genesee County. Collection on all taxes and remittance of them to the various taxing jurisdictions are accounted for in the tax collection fund. Township property tax revenues are recognized when levied.

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash and cash equivalents – The Township has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of 3 months or less when acquired.

Investments - Certificates of deposit with a maturity date of greater than three months at the time of purchase are recorded as investments on the financial statements. Investments are stated at fair value.

Prepaid items – Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital assets – Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land improvements	10 to 20 years
Sewer system	50 to 75 years
Building and building improvements	25 to 40 years
Vehicles	5 to 10 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 10 years

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-(continued)

Long-term Obligations-In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method; bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuances as an "other financing source", as well as bond premiums and discounts. The General Fund is generally used to liquidate governmental long-term debt.

Deferred Outflows of Resources-In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Township does not have any deferred outflows of resources.

Deferred Inflows of Resources-In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Township has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Unavailable revenue represents special assessments and delinquent taxes not received within sixty days of year end. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Unavailable revenue is only reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.
- Property taxes levied for the following year represent special assessments and property taxes collected by the Township prior to year end but are used to fund the future year's operations. Property taxes levied for the following year are reported in the governmental funds and the government-wide statements.

Net Position

Net position of the Township is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assetsnet of related debt consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by the current balances of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. Restricted net position is further classified as expendable or nonexpendable. Expendable restricted net position has been limited for use by donors and as held in trust for debt service and self-insured professional liability. Nonexpendable restricted net position has been restricted by donors to be maintained in perpetuity. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital or restricted.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Township will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-(continued)

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Township will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total amount of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumptions must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Township's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Policies

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following components of fund balance:

- Non-spendable: Amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted: Amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose.
- Committed: Amounts that have been formally set aside by the Township for use for specific purposes. Commitments are made and can be rescinded only via resolutions of the Township board.
- Assigned: Intent to spend resources on specific purposes expressed by the governing body. Assignments must be authorized by resolution and approved by the governing body. The Township has the following fund equity balances assigned in the General Fund at March 31, 2021:

Fire Equipment Replacement	\$ 88,753
Police Equipment Replacement	24,570
Building and Site Improvements	300,619
Total Assigned Fund Equity	<u>\$413,942</u>

 Unassigned: Amounts that do not fall into any other category above. This is the residual classification in the General Fund and represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes in the General Fund. In other governmental funds, only negative unassigned amounts are reported, if any, and represent expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeding the amounts previously restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-(continued)

Proprietary Funds Operating Classification

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Water and Sewer Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap in fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

During the current year, the Township adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which establishes criteria for identifying and reporting fiduciary activities. The Tax Collection Fund meets the criteria for of a Fiduciary Fund. A statement of fiduciary net position as well as a statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the Tax Collection Fund are presented in this report.

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which improves the accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The Township is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement were originally effective for the Township's financial statements for the year ending March 31, 2021, but were extended to March 31, 2022 with the issuance of GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Date of Certain Authoritative Guidance.*

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020. This statement addresses eight unrelated practice issues and technical inconsistencies in authoritative literature. The standard addresses leases, intra-entity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance-related activities of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements, and derivative instruments. The standard has various effective dates. The Authority does not believe this pronouncement will have a significant impact on its financial statements but is still making a full evaluation.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Township's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The Township's does not have a formal investment policy to manage its exposure to fair value losses from changes in interest rates.

Credit Risk

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91 authorizes the Township to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The law also allows investments outside the state of Michigan when fully insured. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers acceptance of United States Banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or any of its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The investment policy adopted by the Board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in bonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and CDs, but not the remainder of state statutory authority as listed above. The Township's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with the statutory authority.

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. The Township does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At March 31, 2021, the Township had \$3,668,953 of its deposit balances (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Township evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Township places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 3-FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Township categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy.

In instances whereby inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Township's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

As of March 31, 2021 the Township had negotiable certificates of deposit of \$992,720 that were valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

NOTE 4 – SPECIAL ASSESSMENT RECEIVABLES

As of March 31, 2021, the Oakwood Road Special Assessment District had \$24,958 still outstanding from property owners.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of March 31, 2021 are as follows:

	Due from	Due to
	Other Funds	Other Funds
General Fund	\$201,442	\$-
Waste & Refuse Fund	105,471	-
Capital Projects Fund	29,982	-
Tax Collection Fund	-	231,063
Water & Sewer Usage	<u> </u>	105,832
Total	<u>\$336,895</u>	<u>\$336,895</u>

These balances are the result of transfers made between the General Fund and the Water and Sewer Usage fund and tax collections remitted to the Fiduciary Tax Fund for the General Fund, Waste & Refuse Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

NOTE 6 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

	Governmental		Governmen	
		<u>Funds</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>ctivities</u>
Property taxes levied for the following year	\$	52,722	\$	52,722
Unavailable revenue		70,530		
Total deferred inflows	\$	123,252	\$	52,722

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors, and omissions and employee injuries (workers compensation). The Township has purchased commercial insurance for all its insurance needs.

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN

The Township has a qualified, contributory defined contribution pension plan covering elected officials and eligible employees. Eligible employees are those who work 40 hours per week on a regular basis. Burnham & Flower Insurance Group administers the plan, which was adopted by the Township board on March 6, 1991. Under the plan, the Township's contribution amounts to 10% of all eligible employees' annual compensation. Compensation is defined as the basic annual rate of pay in effect at the beginning of the plan year. For the year ended March 31, 2021, actual Township contributions totaled \$9,456. Participant plan contributions begin immediately with no waiting period for vesting. The plan is referred to as a money purchase pension plan and is not insured by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC).

NOTE 9 - BUILDING AND SIMILAR FEES

Michigan Department of Treasury Local Audit Letter 2000-6 states that local units can retain compliance with P.A. 245 of 1999, Statewide Construction Code Act, by accounting for building department revenues in the General Fund only as long as the local unit's fee structure is not intended to recover the full cost of the enforcing agency, and the local unit has the ability to track the full costs and revenues of this activity without creating a separate fund. The Township of Gaines complies with these provisions, and therefore, the building department activity is recorded in the General Fund.

Building department revenues and expenditures for the year ended March 31, 2021 are as follows:

Revenues	\$39,720
Expenditures	\$30,340

The expenditures listed above include only direct costs for the building department; an allocation for occupancy, insurance and other indirect costs is not included. It is management's opinion that, were the indirect costs included, building department revenues would not recover the full cost of the activity.

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Summary of capital asset transactions of the primary government:

Governmental activities	Balance <u>April 1, 2020</u>	Additions	Disposals and <u>Adjustments</u>	Balance March 31, 2021
Land & improvements Buildings & additions Furniture & equipment Fire trucks & other vehicles	\$	1,487	\$ 	\$ 19,775 449,558 473,580 <u>1,147,704</u>
Subtotal	2,089,130	1.487	-	2,090,617
Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings & additions Furniture & equipment Fire trucks & other vehicles Subtotal Governmental activities net capital assets	282,805 361,597 	21,389 51,927 89,302	- - - <u>-</u>	298,791 382,986 <u>854,743</u> <u>1,536,520</u> <u>\$554,097</u>
Business-type activities Water and Sewer system	<u>\$ </u>	<u>) \$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,717,130</u>
Subtotal	1,717,130) -	-	1,717,130
Accumulated Depreciation: Water and Sewer system	502,343	322,895	<u> </u>	525,238
Subtotal Business-type activities net capital assets	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>525,238</u> <u>\$1,191,892</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities		
General Government	\$	20,569
Public Safety		68,733
Total governmental activities	\$	89,302
Business-type activities Sewer Total business-type activities	<u>\$</u> \$	<u>22,895</u> 22.895

NOTE 11 – LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt outstanding of the Township for the year ended March 31, 2021:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due within <u>One year</u>
Governmental activities 2010 Recovery Zone Bond					
4.34% due 8/1/2020	<u>\$ 40,704</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (40,704)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The 2010 Recovery Zone Bonds were a result of an agreement with Genesee County for replacement of seven large culverts located within the Township. The Recovery Zone Bonds were part of the Build America Bonds that entitle the issuer to a 45% interest subsidy which has been passed onto Gaines Township.

NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has reviewed subsequent events through August 27, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

The United States and the State of Michigan declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the global coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 will impact subsequent periods of the Township. The impact on the Township's future operating costs, revenue, investment income, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated at this time.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

TOWNSHIP OF GAINES REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE-GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with		
	_	Original		Final	 Actual	_	Final Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	165,500	\$	165,500	\$ 159,950	\$	(5,550)
Special assessments		72,800		72,800	60,324		(12,476)
Fees and permits		79,000		79,160	87,443		8,283
Intergovernmental		562,620		560,000	573,965		13,965
Administrative fees		58,000		58,000	79,791		21,791
Grant income		1,500		40,230	40,228		(2)
Public service contracts		10,000		10,000	10,000		-
Interest		1,000		1,000	1,075		75
Miscellaneous		14,300		27,841	 29,517	-	1,676
Total revenues		964,720		1,014,531	1,042,293		27,762
Expenditures							
General government							
Legislative		3,770		3,770	2,243		1,527
Supervisor		20,925		20,925	20,911		14
Accounting		17,000		17,000	12,500		4,500
Clerk		35,925		35,925	31,898		4,027
Board of review		2,275		2,275	1,140		1,135
Treasurer		50,025		50,295	41,659		8,636
Assessing		43,675		43,675	42,699		976
Elections		15,000		15,931	16,603		(672)
Other general government costs		160,895		176,795	149,623		27,172
Public safety							
Police department		174,000		183,175	163,428		19,747
Fire department		170,460		192,460	173,175		19,285
Public works		234,085		235,561	214,542		21,019
Other							
Planning commission		6,440		7,100	1,778		5,322
Zoning board of appeals		1,617		1,617	 245	-	1,372
Total expenditures		936,092		986,504	872,444		114,060
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing sources (uses)		28,628		28,027	169,849		141,822
							,
Fund balance - beginning of year	_	1,326,439	•	1,326,439	 1,326,439	-	-
Fund balance - end of year	\$	1,355,067	\$	1,354,466	\$ 1,496,288	\$	141,822

TOWNSHIP OF GAINES REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE-WASTE AND REFUSE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

	Budget						
Revenues		Original	•	Final	-	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Special Assessments Miscellaneous Interest	\$	320,000 150 100	\$	320,000 150 100	\$ -	323,309 138 27	\$ 3,309 (12) (73)
Total revenues		320,250		320,250		323,474	3,224
Expenditures Contracted services	-	320,000	-	343,000	_	342,935	65
Total expenditures	-	320,000	-	343,000	-	342,935	65
Net change in fund balances		250		(22,750)		(19,461)	3,289
Fund balance - beginning of year	-	380,174		380,174	_	380,174	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	380,424	\$	357,424	\$	360,713	\$ 3,289

TOWNSHIP OF GAINES NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION MARCH 31, 2021

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and all special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end, except for approved contracts which are appropriated on a contract (grant) length basis.

The budget document presents information by fund, function, department, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the department level.

Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc. are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

The Township had the following expenditure budget overages:

Budget item	Budget Appropriation		Actual	Variance		
General Fund-Elections	\$	15,931	\$	16,603	\$	672

Budget overages are primarily related to unexpected costs related to operations.